(1) Should Industry Canada allow amateur radio operators to use the five frequencies 5332 kHz, 5348 kHz, 5358.5 kHz, 5373 kHz and 5405 kHz, which are harmonized with U.S. amateur use, on a no-protection, no-interference basis? Transmissions would be restricted to a 2.8 kHz bandwidth centred on each of these frequencies.

Yes, IC should allow Canadian amateurs the use of the above five frequencies.

(2) Should Industry Canada harmonize emission modes and designators with those specified in the United States for these five frequencies – i.e. telephony (2K80J3E), data (2K80J2D), RTTY (60H0J2B) and CW (150HA1A)?

No, IC should not restrict emission modes and designators with those of the US.

(3) Should Industry Canada specify a maximum effective radiated power of 100 W peak envelope power?

Yes, IC should specify a maximum effective radiated power of 100 watts ERP, as this will ensure minimum of interference to other users of these frequencies.

(4) Should Industry Canada allow Canadian amateurs access to the 5329 kHz frequency for domestic communications only? Transmissions would be restricted to a 2.8 kHz bandwidth centred on this frequency.

Yes, IC should allow Canadian amateurs access to the 5329 frequency for domestic use only.

(5) Should Industry Canada specify emission designators and peak envelope power for this additional frequency? If so, what should these be?

The emission designators and power levels should be the same as those allowed for the other 5 frequencies.